Halachically Speaking

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Chazaras Hashatz

Sponsored לרפואה שלמה חנה חיה בת מזל

Originally, *chazaras hashatz* was instituted because the congregants did not know the proper way in which to *daven* and the *shliach tzibbur* would be *yotzei* the *kehilla* with his own *shemonei esrei*. Today this is not the case, however *chazaras hashatz* is said. The *seforim* write regarding the importance of *chazaras hashatz*, even today. The *Kaf Ha'chaim* says that *chazaras hashatz* is more important than the quiet *shemonei esrei*. Some say the reason why *chazaras hashatz* was instituted is so that *kedusha* may be recited with ten people. A

Standing vs. Sitting

When the *chazzan* is repeating the *Shemonei Esrei* the entire *tzibbur* should stand. Some *poskim* say the reason is because of *shomea k'oneh*. (Meaning those who are listening are considered as if they themselves are saying the *chazaras hashatz*). There are certain *poskim* who maintain that one may sit at *chazaras hashatz*, however, most *poskim* are of the opinion that one should stand. A *ben torah* should make an effort to stand during *chazaras hashatz*. People who are frail and weak, and cannot stand during *chazaras hashatz*, may sit. Those who have the custom to sit at *chazaras hashatz* should do so only after the *beracha* of *hukel hakodesh* is completed by the *Shatz*. When the *chazzan* is reciting long *peutim*, then one may sit, as is common on the *Yomim Norayim*. It

⁵ Rambam Hilchos Tefilla 9:3, Pirkei D'R' Eliezer 46:56, Yosef Ometz 31:page 9, Darchei Moshe 124:1, Rama 4, Pri Megadim M.Z. 2, Shulchan Aruch Harav 7, Siddur Yaavetz page 281, Kaf Ha'chaim Palagi 15:53, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 20:1, Mishnah Berurah 20, Aruch Ha'shulchan 9, Kaf Ha'chaim 4, Yaskil Avdi 2:2, Asei Lecha Rav 7:7, Oz Nedberu 2:79:2, 12:59, Yechaveh Da'as 5:11, B' Mechitzas Rabbeinu says that Horav Yaakov Kamenetsky zt"l always stood even when he was older. Refer to Emes L'Yaakov page 69.
⁶ Shulchan Aruch Harav 7, Mishnah Berurah 20, Rivevos Ephraim 4:113:147.

¹ Refer to Gemorah Megillah 33b, 34b, Rambam Hilchos Tefilla 8:4, Tur 124, Bais Yosef, Bach.

² Bais Yosef, Bach, Shulchan Aruch 124:4, Levush 9, Mishnah Berurah 12, Aruch Ha'shulchan 8, Halichos Shlomo Tefilla 9:3, Avnei Yushfei 1:19. It is possible that even today there are people who are not buki in tefilla (Tefilla V'hilchoseha 22:1).

³ 124:2, see Ben Ish Chai Teruma 1:2, Reishis Chuchma Shar Kedusha 2:page 242 (new).

⁴ Tur 124, Levush 124:1.

⁷ Halachas Ketanas 2:80, Yaskil Avdi 2:2, Minhag Yisroel Torah 124:1, Bais Avi 2:44, 3:115:6, Horav Shlomo Zalman Aurbach zt"l maintains that it is only a *chumra* to stand (Halichos Shlomo Tefilla 9:footnote 35).

⁸ Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita, see Tefilla K'hilchoso 13:33:footnote 78 quoting the opinion of Horav Elyashiv Shlita.

⁹ Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 20:1, Ben Ish Chai Teruma 1:10, Aruch Ha'shulchan 9, Kaf Ha'chaim 4, Yalkut Yosef page 282:6.

¹⁰ Ketzos Ha'shulchan 22:21, Yechaveh Da'as 5:11, Yalkut Yosef page 282:6, Halichos Olom 1:page 192:9, Tefilla K'hilchoso ibid. Shevet Ha'Levi 3:15:6.

¹¹ Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita, see Ishei Yisroel 24:footnote 68, Mekadesh Yisroel Yamim Norayim 130.

Listening To Chazaras Hashatz

When the Shatz is repeating the Shemonei Esrei, the tzibbur should be quiet and concentrate on what the Shatz is saying, and answer to the berchos, boruch hu u'boruch shemo and amen. 12 If possible, one should look into his siddur during chazaras hashatz and follow along with the shliach tzibbur, 13 and not look all around during chazaras hashatz. 14 Some poskim maintain that there should not be any tzedaka collecting during chazaras hashatz, as this might deter one's concentration. ¹⁵ Many poskim say that those who have the custom to place Rabbeinu Tam's tefillin on as well as Rashi's tefillin should not do so during chazaras hashatz. 16

Learning

Many people think that learning is permitted during *chazaras hashatz*, however, it is forbidden for one to learn during chazaras hashatz. 17 Horav Chaim Kanievesky Shlita 18 says, those who learn during chazras hashatz, not only do they not get a reward for their learning, but they get an aveirah. One may not say tachnunim, ¹⁹ or tehillim²⁰ during chazaras hashatz even if one is able to answer to the end of the beracha properly.²¹ One may not look in a sefer or think in learning either.²² Others are lenient with this,²³ but one should not rely on this opinion. If one already davened and walks into a shul while they are in middle of chazaras hashatz it is permitted for him to learn.²⁴

Talking During Chazaras Hashatz

One is absolutely forbidden to talk during *chazaras hashatz*.²⁵ Many people are not careful with this *halacha* and they should be notified.²⁶ The *Pri Megadim*²⁷ holds that one is permitted to embarrass another person in order that he should be quiet during *chazaras hashatz*. The sin for talking during *chazaras hashatz* is so great

¹² Refer to Shulchan Aruch 124:4, Levush 1, Shulchan Aruch Harav 6, Moreh B'etzbah 31:82, Siddur Yaavetz page 281:2, Yesod V'shoresh Hu'avodah shar chamishi 6:page 254, Aruch Ha'shulchan 9, Oz Nedberu 7:72:6. If there are not ten people answering to can hinge on a beracha l'vatala for the shatz (Shulchan Aruch Harav ibid).

¹³ Elya Rabbah 124:12, Sharei Teshuva 124:7, Massei Rav 43: page 71, Mishanh Berurah 124:26, Be'er Moshe 8:42:6, Metzuvei V'osa page 483.

¹⁴ Refer to Kaf Ha'chaim Palagi 15:46, Mishnah Berurah ibid, Oz Nedberu 2:79:2.

¹⁵ Pri Megadim Eishel Avraham 132, M.Z. 566:3, Mishnah Berurah 92:36, Be'er Moshe 8:42:6, see Kaf Ha'chaim Palagi 11:19, Me'am Loez Vayigash page 785, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 1:61, 3:287

¹⁶ Pri Megadim M.Z. 34:2, Zichron Yehuda 1:5, Yabea Omer 3:4, see Pri Hasadeh 2:97, Maharsham 8:12, Lekutei Maharich 1:page

¹⁷ Shulchan Aruch Harav 6, Ben Ish Chai Teruma 1:10, Mishnah Berurah 17, Aruch Ha'shulchan 17, Oz Nedberu 4:14:4 page 34., Bais Hayeudi 1:82:2. One who does learn should be rebuked for doing so (Shulchan Aruch ibid, Shulchan Aruch Haray ibid). ¹⁸ Orchos Yosher page 104:28.

¹⁹ Siddur Yaavetz ibid, Mishnah Berurah 17, Aruch Ha'shulchan 9, Yaskil Avdi 5:20. People will learn from you and you will make others sin (Shulchan Aruch Harav 6).

²⁰ Siddur Yaavetz ibid, Aruch Ha'shulchan 9.

²¹ Mishnah Berurah 17, Aruch Ha'shulchan 9.

²² Kaf Ha'chaim 16, Igros Moshe O.C. 4:19, Halichos Shlomo Tefilla 9:footnote 11, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 1:106, Rivevos Ephraim 4:44:116, 5:61, Tzitz Eliezer 11:10, Oz Nedberu 14:14:4 page 34, Halichos Olom 1:page 192. This is even if the shatz is quiet for a moment (Igros Moshe O.C. 5:20:9).

²³ Magen Avraham 8, Be'er Hetiv 7, Kaf Ha'chaim 16.

²⁴ Refer to Mishnah Berurah 90:58, Ishei Yisroel 24:15.

²⁵ Shulchan Aruch 124:7, Reishis Chuchma shar kedusha page 241 (new), Ben Ish Chai Teruma 1:10, Mishnah Berruah 131:1, Aruch Ha'shulchan 12, Yaskil Avdi 5:20, Metzuvei V'osei pages 470-471. Many say that one should be appointed to make sure people do not talk. (Mishnah Berurah 27, Kaf Ha'chaim 37, A Rav who is asked a question may answer the question (Aruch Ha'shulchan ibid). A chillul Hashem is created if one talks during davening. (Aruch Ha'shulchan ibid). Refer to Orchos Chaim L'Rosh page 8:14 who permits learning etc. ²⁶ Shulchan Aruch ibid, Shulchan Aruch Harav 10, Aruch Ha'shulchan 12.

²⁷ Pri Megadim Eishel Avraham 11, see Elya Rabbah 12, Mishnah Berurah 27.

that the *Shulchan Aruch* writes,²⁸ "**the sin is too great to carry**." It is interesting to note that this is the only time the *Shulchan Aruch* uses this *loshon*. The *Shulchan Aruch Harav*²⁹ explains that if one talks while the *shatz* is mentioning the praises of *Hashem*, it demonstrates that he has no desire to join the chazzan in praising *Hashem*. Others say the *chazaras hashatz* acts as a lawyer on our behalf and imagine talking while he is trying to argue your case. If one *davened* already, he should still not talk while *chazaras hashatz* is being repeated.³⁰

Talking Before Chazaras Hashatz

When one finishes his quiet *Shemonei Esrei*, and he is waiting for the *shliach tzibbur* to start *chazaras hashatz*, he may not talk.³¹ The same is true for the *shatz* before he starts the *chazaras hashatz*.³² Learning is not permitted, but glancing into a *sefer* is permitted for both the *Shatz*, and the one waiting for the *Shatz*, in the aforementioned situation.³³ Some say that one may catch up on certain parts of *davening* that he might have missed,³⁴ or he may even recite *tehillim*.³⁵ Answering *devarim sh'bekedusha* is permitted as well.³⁶

Remaining In Ones Place

After one has finished his quiet *Shemonei Esrei*, and has taken three steps back, one should stay in his place until the *Shatz* starts *kedusha* or at least until the *chazaras hashatz* has started.³⁷ Many people walk back to their seat, right after they finish *Shemonei Esrei*, and this is not the proper thing to do.³⁸ Some say that one should stand the same way he stands when saying *Shemonei Esrei*.³⁹ The *Aruch Ha'shulchan*⁴⁰ says there is no need to do this, and this is the *minhag*. After *maariv* one should wait in his place for as long as it would take him to walk four *amos*, ⁴¹ while others are careful to wait until the *chazzon* starts *kaddish*.⁴²

Singing Along With The Shatz

One should be careful not to sing along the words with the *chazzan* during *chazaras hashatz*.⁴³

²⁸ Ibid, see *Kaf Ha'chaim* 38 this is besides for the sin of talking in a *shul*. Refer to *Metzuvei V'osei* pages 470-471 why the sin of talking during *chazaras hashatz* is so severe.

²⁹ 124:10.

³⁰ Salmas Chaim 95 (old print), Kinyan Torah 2:36:3:page 81, refer to Ishei Yisroel 24:footnote 61 quoting the opinion if Horav Chaim Kanievesky Shlita. Some say one can talk after kedusha (Kaf Ha'chaim 125:16).

³¹ Kaf Ha'chaim Palagi 15:52, Ben Ish Chai Teruma 1:10.

³² Kaf Ha'chaim Palagi 15:52, Kaf Ha'chaim 124:1, Aruch Ha'shulchan 111:4, see Be'er Moshe 3:17.

³³ Refer to *Ben Ish Chai Teruma* 1:10, *Kaf Ha'chaim* 124:1, *Ishei Yisroel* 24:footnote 145, *Yabea Omer* 9:page 159:2. Others are lenient with learning as well (*Ishei Yisroel* 23:70:footnote 225 new).

³⁴ Halichos Olom 1:page 191.

³⁵ Ishei Yisroel ibid. Refer to Mevakshei Torah 3:page 250:54.

³⁶ Mishnah Berurah 111:10, Ishei Yisroel 24:footnote 9 (old).

³⁷ Refer to Shulchan Aruch 123:2, Shulchan Aruch Harav 123:3, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:13, Mishnah Berurah 10, Aruch Ha'shulchan 123:4, Be'er Moshe 3:15, Halichos Shlomo Tefilla page 115:footnote 43, V'ein Lumo Michshal 1:page 143, Asei Lechu Rav 7:8, see Kaf Ha'chaim 123:17. One should not move from his place to get a sefer (Avnei Yushfei 4:10:1). If the chazzan is saying peutim then one may return to his place immediately after finishing his quiet shemonei esrei. (Mishnah Berurah 123:10).

³⁸ *Kaf Ha'chaim* 123:17.

³⁹ Magen Avraham 123:5, Pri Megadim Eishel Avraham 4, Kitzur Shulchan Aruch 18:13, Kaf Ha'chaim Palagi 15:58, Mishnah Berurah 6, Kaf Ha'chaim 123:11.

⁴⁰ 123:3. Refer to *Shar Ha'tzyion* 123:5.

⁴¹ Refer to footnote 37.

⁴² This is the custom of *Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita*.

⁴³ Mishnah Berurah 124:16, Ishei Yisroel 24:19.

The Short Chazaras Hashatz (Hoicha Kedusha)

During the time of the *Rambam* he did not allow the *chazaras hashatz* to be recited. In his time those people who knew how to *daven* would talk during *chazaras hashatz*, and the ones who were illiterate, followed in their ways, and did not listen to *chazaras hashatz* either. Therefore, the *Rambam* saw it fit to abolish the *chazaras hashatz*. He instituted that the *shliach tzibbur* begins reciting *shemonei esrei* immediately; those who were capable of *davening*, would *daven* quietly along with the *Shatz*, and the illiterate people would listen quietly, and answer *amen*.⁴⁴

The Different Types

There are various types of short *chazaras hashatz's*. The *Shulchan Aruch*⁴⁵ says that one should say all of the quiet *shemonei esrei* and then the *shatz* says only until *hukel hakodesh*. The *Rama*⁴⁶ says the *tzibbur* should say word for word with the *shatz* until *hukel hakodesh*. The third way is the more popular way and that is that the *Shatz* says from the beginning of *davening*, in a loud voice, until *hukel hakodesh*, and then after *kedusha*, the *tzibbur* says their quiet *shemonei esrei*.⁴⁷

The Disadvantages Of The Short Chazaras Hashatz

When the short *chazaras hashatz* is recited the *tzibbur* misses out on answering many *amens*. ⁴⁸ The *Gemorah* in *Berochos* ⁴⁹ states the importance and greatness of reciting *amen*. The *shatz* is not supposed to say *Shemonei Esrei* in a loud voice, without first saying a quiet *Shemonei Esrei*. ⁵⁰ The *chazaras hashatz* offers an opportunity for those coming in late to *shul*, and were unable to *daven tefilla b'tzibbur*, a chance to *daven* with the *shatz* word by word. This is preferable to *davening* alone. ⁵¹

When Is It Permitted

The short version of *chazaras hashatz* should only be said in a pressing situation.⁵² Another situation is when there is doubt as to whether there will be ten men listening and answering *amen* to the entire *chazaras hashatz*.⁵³ When the *hoicha kedusha* is said, the *shliach tzibbur* avoids reciting many *berochos* in vain.

Abusing The Hoicha Kedusha

Many people think that whenever it is convenient for them to *daven* the short *chazaras hashatz*, they may do so, however, this is not the case. Many times at work people want a longer lunch break, so they want to recite a *hoicha kedusha*, this is not permissible.⁵⁴ The same is true for *mincha* when *davening* at a wedding,⁵⁵ or when counselors have their off day in camp, or *davening mincha* at an amusement park.

⁴⁴ Teshuvos HaRambam (Freeman) 37-38, pages 37-38, See Bais Yosef 234.

⁴⁵ 232:1. Refer to Bais Yosef 232, Yalkut Yosef page 279:3.

⁴⁶ 124:2, 232:1, Refer to *Darchei Moshe* 124:2.

⁴⁷ Shulchan Hatohar 124:3, 232:2, Aruch Ha'shulchan 124:7, 232:6, see Divrei Chamudos Berochos 4:19.

⁴⁸ Refer to *Pela Yoetz* (amen) page 37-38.

⁴⁹ 53a, see Gemorah Shabbos 119a.

⁵⁰ Magen Avraham 124:3, see Igros Moshe O.C. 2:29, Hamesivta 5755:page 545.

⁵¹ Refer to Pri Megadim Eishel Avraham 52:1, 109:4, Eishel Avraham Butchatch 52, Kaf Ha'chaim 90:63, Chazzon Ish O.C. 19:4, Salmas Chaim 91(old), Igros Moshe O.C. 3:9, Bais Borcuh 1:19:footnote on 35:pages 111-112, Teshuvos V'hanhugos 1:100, Moadim V'zemanim 1:7, Tefilla K'hilchosa page 536, Ishei Yisroel 12:9.

⁵² Shebuley Haleket 47:page 20, Magen Avraham 124:3, Be'er Heitiv 124:4, Shulchan Hatohar 232:1-2, Mishnah Berurah 124:6, Aruch Ha'shulchan 232:7, Orchos Rabbeinu 1:122:page 95. Refer to Yechaveh Da'as 3:16 who speaks strongly against the hoicha kedusha. See Radvaz 4:elef 162:pages 49-50.

⁵³ Yechaveh Da'as 3:16.

⁵⁴ *Hamesivta* 5755:pages 548-549, see Jewish Observer January 2001:page 27.

⁵⁵ Kinyan Torah 4:7.

The Custom Of Some Yeshivas Hakedoshim

There are some Yeshivos Hakedoshim who have the custom not to recite chazaras hashatz. ⁵⁶ Many reasons are offered for this custom. Some say the reason is because mincha was scheduled for the middle of seder and if they would daven mincha with the entire chazaras hashatz then it would be considered bitul torah. ⁵⁷ This reason is difficult to comprehend that for the reason of bitul torah one would forfeit the chazaras hashatz. ⁵⁸ Others say the reason is because in earlier years the shiur was before mincha, and they were so deep in thought after the shiur, that they would not be able to concentrate on the chazaras hashatz properly. Horav Yaakov Kamenetsky zt"l explained the reason as follows: When chazaras hashatz was instituted it was only for a bais hakenesses, and not a bais medrash, since the am huratzim did not daven in the bais medrash, because they did not learn there. Therefore, today, we have butei medrashim where there are no amei huratzim, and there is no necessity for chazaras hashatz. This is the reason why some Yeshivas Hakedoshim do not say the full chazaras hashatz at Mincha. ⁵⁹ Today, some Yeshivos do not have this custom anymore because mincha is usually recited after a long lunch break. ⁶⁰ During ben hazemanim the minhag of the Yeshivas is to say the full chazaras hashatz. ⁶¹ At shacharis, it is recited, because one has an obligation to be so'meach geulah to tefilla. If there would be a hoicha kedusha this would not be possible. ⁶²

Davening In A Place That Says A Hoicha Kedusha

It would seem that if one does not say the *hoicha kedusha*, and he *davens* in a place that is lenient, and will be saying the *hoicha kedusha*, that he should not separate himself from the *tzibbur*, and he should join in with them.⁶³

On A Taanis/Chanhukah

Even those who have the custom to recite the *hoicha kedusha* do not do this on a *tannis* or on *Chanukah*. The reason why it is not done on a fast day is in order that one can say *anneinu*. ⁶⁴ The reason why it is not done on *Chanukah* is because the *Al Hanissim* is recited in *davening*. ⁶⁵



⁵⁶ This custom started out in Europe. Refer to *Hamesivta* 5755:page 547.

⁵⁷ Oz Nedberu 12:23.

⁵⁸ *Hamesivta* 5755:pages 547-548.

⁵⁹ Emes L'Yaakov 124:footnote 152:page 69. Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita heard this peshat from Horav Yaakov zt"l.

 $^{^{60}}$ Poskim

⁶¹ Poskim

⁶² Refer to *Emes L'Yaakov* ibid, see *Biur Halacha* 124 "*shyaver*." *Horav Yisroel Belsky Shlita* explained that the *am huratzim* used to *daven* in the *bais medrash* by *shacharis* in order to hear a little *torah* after *daveing* before going to work. Therefore, *chazaras hashatz* was said at *shacharis*. (This *peshat* was heard from *Horav Yaakov Kamenetsky zt"l*).

⁶³ Refer to *Bunim Chavivim* pages 342-343.

⁶⁴ Magen Avraham 232:2, Be'er Heitiv 232:1, Aruch Ha'shulchan 232:4-6.

⁶⁵ Moadm V'zemanim 8:page 106.

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